Registration number: IP28242R

Unicorn Grocery Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

Beever and Struthers One Express 1 George Leigh Street Manchester M4 5DL

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Officers and Professional Advisers

Chairman

Baptiste Chadeyron

The Board of Directors:

Ako Williamson

Alan Williams

Alice Rech

Alistair Fraser

Amy Smith - ceased 24/12/2023

Baptiste Chadeyron - Chair

Britta Werner

Claire Holmes

Corrina O'Brien - ceased 03/09/2023

Cyward Curran-Dumez

Dan Holden - Company Secretary

Danielle Monks

Dave Melling - ceased 16/08/2023

Debbie Clarke

Donna Siverns

Dvir Newman

Eve Davidson

Eve Nightingale

Fernanda Alvarez Prieto - Treasurer

Frith Overy-Ellis - ceased 09/12/2023

Gavin Meredith

Gio Infantino

Hannah Menzies

James Trott

Jo Scott

Joel Arthur

John Connah

Jon Adams

Jose Luis Roca Vasquez

Joseph Haydn

Katarina Gabonayova

Kath Taylor

Kellie Bubble

Leah de Quattro

Lee Craggs

Lisa McNair

Marian Culshaw

Marie Boulier

Martyn Baldwin

Matt Thompson

Michael Carroll

Musakib Hanif

Nick Rigg

Officers and Professional Advisers

Nina Gibson
Richard Redman
Russell Nicholson
Sam Eardley
Sam Taggart - ceased 26/01/2023
Sarah Taylor
Seyedeh Mohammadi
Steve Coote
Stuart Jones
Tauseef Humayuk
Tom Branson - ceased 28/09/2023
Victoria Knott
Viv Atherton
Wendy Swetnam

Registered office

Will Tomlinson

89 Albany Road

Manchester

Greater Manchester

M21 0BN

Accountants

Beever and Struthers

One Express

1 George Leigh Street

Manchester M4 5DL

Members' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

The members presents the report and the unaudited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023.

The members of the company during the year was as follows:

Ako Williamson

Alan Williams

Alice Rech

Alistair Fraser

Amy Smith - ceased 24/12/2023

Andrea Pazos - ceased 16/02/2024

Baptiste Chadeyron - Chair

Britta Werner

Claire Holmes

Corinna O'Brien - ceased 03/09/2023

Cyward Curran-Dumez

Dan Holden - Company Secretary

Danielle Monks

Dave Melling - ceased 16/08/2023

Debbie Clarke

Donna Siverns

Dvir Newman

Eve Davidson

Eve Nightingale

Fernanda Alvarez Prieto - Treasurer

Frith Overy-Ellis - ceased 09/12/2023

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Joel Arthur

John Connah

Jon Adams

Jose Luis Roca Vasquez

Joseph Haydn

Katarina Gabonayova

Kath Taylor

Kellie Bubble

Leah de Quattro

Lee Craggs

Lisa McNair

Marian Culshaw

Marie Boulier

Marta Malagon Garcia 11/02/2024

Martyn Baldwin

Matt Thompson

Members' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

Michael Carroll Musakib Hanif Nick Rigg Nina Gibson Richard Redman Russell Nicholson Sam Eardley Sam Taggart - ceased 26/01/2023 Sarah Taylor Seyedeh Mohammadi Steve Coote Stuart Jones . Tauseef Humayuk Tom Branson - ceased 28/09/2023 Victoria Knott Viv Atherton Wendy Swetnam Will Tomlinson

Members' responsibilities Statement

The members are responsible for preparing the members' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the members have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Members' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

Small companies provision statement

This report has been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime under the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the directors on . 63.06.24

Baptiste Chadeyron

Chairman

Dan Holden

Company secretary

Fernanda Alvarez Prieto

Director

Independent Chartered Accountants' Review Report to the Members of Unicorn Grocery Limited for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

We have reviewed the financial statements of Unicorn Grocery Limited for the year ended 31 December 2023 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 31 January 2019. Our review has been undertaken so that we may state to the company's members, as a body, those matters we have agreed with them in our engagement letter and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our work, for this report or the conclusions we have formed.

Members Responsibility for the Financial Statements

As explained more fully in the members responsibilities statement, the members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Accountants Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion based on our review of the financial statements. We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements (ISRE) 2400 (Revised), Engagements to Review Historical Financial Statements, and ICAEW Technical Release TECH 09/13AAF. ISRE 2400 also requires us to comply with the ICAEW Code of Ethics.

Scope of Assurance Review

A review of financial statements in accordance with ISRE 2400 (Revised) is a limited assurance engagement. We have performed additional procedures to those required under a compilation engagement. These primarily consist of making enquiries of management and others within the entity, as appropriate, applying analytical procedures and evaluating the evidence obtained. The procedures performed in a review are substantially less than those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these financial statements.

Independent Chartered Accountants' Review Report to the Members of Unicorn Grocery Limited for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe the financial statements have not been prepared:

- so as to give a true and fair review of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2023, and of its result for the year then ended;
- in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice); and
- in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Beever and Struthers
One Express
1 George Leigh Street
Manchester
M4 5DL

Date:

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Turnover	3	8,122,163	7,199,856
Cost of sales		(5,401,591)	(4,877,081)
Gross profit	7.	2,720,572	2,322,775
Distribution costs		(49,081)	(45,286)
Administrative expenses		(2,516,868)	(2,400,866)
Other operating income	4	9,041	9,793
Operating profit/(loss)	5	163,664	(113,584)
Other interest receivable and similar income	6	12,670	5,535
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	(8)	(135)
		12,662	5,400
Profit/(loss) before tax		176,326	(108,184)
Tax on profit/(loss)	10	(52,540)	490
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		123,786	(107,694)

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

Profit and total comprehensive income for the year is £123,786.

There was no other comprehensive income for the year.

(Registration number: IP28242R) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2023

	2023		2022
옷도 중시간하다 하는 이 그는 몸이 하게 되어.	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	11	1,346,325	1,438,897
Other financial assets	12	104,426	105,424
	_	1,450,751	1,544,321
Current assets			
Stocks	13	363,970	356,686
Debtors	14	84,091	39,186
Cash at bank and in hand	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	912,950	598,763
		1,361,011	994,635
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	16	(478,722)	(260,122)
Net current assets		882,289	734,513
Total assets less current liabilities		2,333,040	2,278,834
Provisions for liabilities	17 _	(45,836)	(61,410)
Net assets		2,287,204	2,217,424
Capital and reserves			1873
Called up share capital		54	60
Retained earnings	// // ** * <u>*</u>	2,287,150	2,217,364
Shareholders' funds	<u> </u>	2,287,204	2,217,424

For the financial year ending 31 December 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Members's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The members acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

(Registration number: IP28242R) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2023

These financial statements were approved and authorised by the directors on 63.06.24

Baptiste Chadeyron

Chairman

Dan Holden

Company secretary

Fernanda Alvarez Prieto

Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total £
At 1 January 2023	60	2,217,364	2,217,424
Profit for the year		123,786	123,786
Dividends		(54,000)	(54,000)
Shares cancelled during the year	(6)	<u> - 1</u>	(6)
At 31 December 2023	54	2,287,150	2,287,204
	Share capital	Retained earnings £	Total £
At 1 January 2022	68	2,325,058	2,325,126
Loss for the year		(107,694)	(107,694)
Other share capital movements	(8)		(8)
At 31 December 2022	60	2,217,364	2,217,424

Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit/(loss) for the year		123,786	(107,694)
Adjustments to cash flows from non-cash items			
Depreciation and amortisation	5	131,202	132,773
Finance income	6	(12,676)	(5,535)
Finance costs	7	8	135
Income tax expense	10 _	52,540	(490)
		294,860	19,189
Working capital adjustments			
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	13	(7,284)	47,990
(Increase)/decrease in trade debtors	14	(44,905)	44,175
Increase in trade creditors	16	102,025	83,651
Cash generated from operations		344,696	195,005
Income taxes (paid)/received	. 10 _	(4,210)	24,962
Net cash flow from operating activities		340,486	219,967
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received	6	12,670	5,535
Acquisitions of tangible assets		(38,630)	(56,783)
Acquisition of financial investments other than trading			
investments			(5,059)
Proceeds from disposal of financial investments other than trading investments		998	15,000
Net cash flows from investing activities		(24,962)	(41,307)
Cash flows from financing activities	. 6		
Interest paid	7	(8)	(135)
Payments for purchase of own shares			(8)
Proceeds from bank borrowing draw downs		(1,329)	(7,836)
Net cash flows from financing activities		(1,337)	(7,979)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		314,187	170,681
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		598,763	428,082
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		912,950	598,763

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 89 Albany Road Manchester Greater Manchester M21 0BN United Kingdom

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006'.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are prepared in £ sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including the expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circimstances.

Significant judgements

The judgements (apart from those involving estimations) that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the aounts recognised in the financial statements are as follows.

• Determination of whether there are indicators of impairment of the company's tangible fixed assets. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future performance of the asset.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the entity's functional currency by applying the spot exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign exchange are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Land and buildings

Plant, equipment & fixtures

Depreciation method and rate

2% straight line 20 - 33% straight line

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the statement of comprehensive income over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity wil be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at transaction price initially, plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

At the end of each reporting period, financial instruments are measured as follows, without any deduction for transaction costs the entity may incur on sale or other disposal:

Debt instruments that meet the conditions in paragraph 11.8(b) of FRS 102 are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, except where the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. In this case the debt instrument is measured at present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt.

Classification

Financial instruments held by the Society are classified as follows:

Financial assets such as cash and receivables are classified as loans and receivables and held at amortised cost using the effective interest method;

Financial liabilities such as loans are held at amortised cost usng the effective interest method.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

The following financial instruments are assessed for impairment:

- (a) All equity instruments regardless of significance; and
- (b) Other financial assets that are individually significant.

Other financial instruments are assessed for impairment either individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

An impairment loss is measured on the following instruments measured at cost or amortised cost as shown below:

- (a) For an instrument measured at amortised cost, the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate; and
- (b) For an instrument measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that the entity would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed either directly or by adjusting an allowance account. The reversal cannot result in a carrying amount (net of any allowance account) which exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The amount of the reversal is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

3 Turnover

The analysis of the company's turnover for the year from continuing operations is as follows:

		2023	2022
		£	£
Sale of goods		8,122,163	7,199,856

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

4 Other operating income

The analysis of the company's other operating income for the year is as follows:

The didn't sis of the company's other operating medice for the year	is as ionows.	
	2023 £	2022
Miscellaneous other operating income	9,041	9,793
5 Operating profit/(loss)		
Arrived at after charging/(crediting)		
가게 된 개인 내용 기계에 되었다면서 그리고 있다.	2023	2022
	£	£
Depreciation expense	131,202	132,773
6 Other interest receivable and similar income		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Interest income on bank deposits	11,006	750
Other finance income	1,664	4,785
	12,670	5,535

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

7 Interest payable and similar expenses		
경기 [2017] 경기 기업을 다 가는 사람들이 되었다.	2023	2022
	£	£
Interest on bank overdrafts and borrowings	8	135
8 Staff costs		
The aggregate payroll costs (including memberss' remuneration) were	as follows:	
하다 생물에 보고 있는 사람들이 받는데 하는데 되었다.	2023	2022
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,653,876	1,524,877
Social security costs	138,158	127,005
Pension costs, defined contribution scheme	110,115	109,321
	1,902,149	1,761,203
The average number of persons employed by the company (including category was as follows:		
	2023	2022
	No.	No.
Members and probationary workers	54	57
Casual workers		6
	61	63
9 Members' remuneration		
The members' remuneration for the year was as follows:		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Remuneration	1,492,184	1,442,082
Contributions paid to money purchase schemes	110,115	109,321
	1,602,299	1,551,403
	, -	

In respect of the highest paid members:

Mr J Arthur was paid £31,659 during the financial year.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

10 Taxation

Tax charged/(credited) in the statement of comprehensive income

	2023 £	2022 £
Current taxation		
UK corporation tax	68,114	4,227
Deferred taxation		
Arising from origination and reversal of timing differences	(15,574)	(4,717)
Tax expense/(receipt) in the income statement	52,540	(490)

The tax on profit before tax for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2022 - higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 25% (2022 - 19%).

The differences are reconciled below:

	2023 £	2022 £
Profit/(loss) before tax	 176,326	(108,184)
Corporation tax at standard rate	41,437	(20,555)
Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit (tax loss)	5,368	(20,732)
Deferred tax credit relating to changes in tax rates or laws	(15,574)	(4,717)
Tax increase from effect of capital allowances and depreciation	21,276	50,376
Other tax effects for reconciliation between accounting profit and tax		
expense (income)	33	(4,862)
Total tax charge/(credit)	52,540	(490)

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

11 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2023	1,869,848	701,698	2,571,546
Additions	12,398	26,232	38,630
At 31 December 2023	1,882,246	727,930	2,610,176
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2023	665,437	467,212	1,132,649
Charge for the year	55,846	75,356	131,202
At 31 December 2023	721,283	542,568	1,263,851
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2023	1,160,963	185,362	1,346,325
At 31 December 2022	1,204,411	234,486	1,438,897

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £1,160,963 (2022 - £1,204,411) in respect of freehold land and buildings.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

12 Other financial assets (current and non-current)

	Other investments other than loans	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2023 Disposals	105,424 (998)	105,424 (998)
At 31 December 2023	104,426	104,426
Impairment		
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2023	104,426	104,426
13 Stocks		
	2023 £	2022 £
Raw materials and consumables	363,970	356,686
14 Debtors		
	2023	2022
Current	£	£
Trade debtors	15,815	12,285
Other debtors Proper ments	17,693 50,583	8,235 18,666
Prepayments		
	84,091	39,186
15 Cash and cash equivalents		
	2023	2022
Cash on hand	£	£ 183
Cash at bank	912,950	598,580
	912,950	598,763

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

16 Creditors

		2023	2022
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			177
Loans and borrowings		- 1	1,329
Trade creditors		149,234	116,346
Social security and other taxes		49,773	33,543
Other payables		18,767	16,017
Accruals		138,817	88,660
Corporation tax	10	68,131	4,227
Dividends payable	20	54,000	
		478,722	260,122

The bank loan was secured by a charge over the freehold property. This was released in 2024.

17 Provisions for liabilities

	Deferred tax	Total £
At 1 January 2023	61,410	61,410
Increase (decrease) in existing provisions	(15,574)	(15,574)
At 31 December 2023	45,836	45,836

18 Pension and other schemes

Defined contribution pension scheme

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £110,115 (2022 - £109,321).

19 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	20	023		2022	
	No.		£	No.	£
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	54		54	60	60

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

20 Dividends

Dividends payable of £54,000 (2022: £Nil) were declared during the year. These remain unpaid at the end of the year, and were paid in March 2024.

21 Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 January 2023	Cash flows	At 31 December 2023
	£	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash at bank and in hand	598,763	314,187	912,950
	598,763	314,187	912,950

22 Related party transactions

During the year the following related party transactions took place:

- The Society purchased goods totalling £24,064 (2022: £2,571) from the Kindling Trust, a company in which Debbie Clarke is a director.
- In 2021 the Society invested £20,000 in Community Shares in the Kindling Farm,a company in which Stuart Jones is a director.
- The Society made a 1% (£1,000) donation to Manchester Urban Diggers, a company in which Dan Monks is a non-executive director.

At the balance sheet date no amounts listed above were outstanding.

The Society provides gym, bicycle and financial loans to Members. During the year loans of £6,513 were advanced to members and at the balance sheet date £2,404 (2022: £2,417) remains outstanding.

Detailed Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

	2023 £	2022 £
Turnover (analysed below)	8,122,163	7,199,856
Cost of sales (analysed below)	(5,401,591)	(4,877,081)
Gross profit	2,720,572	2,322,775
Gross profit (%)	33.5%	32.26%
Distribution costs (analysed below)	(49,081)	(45,286)
Administrative expenses		
Employment costs (analysed below)	(1,902,149)	(1,761,203)
Establishment costs (analysed below)	(170,661)	(180,586)
General administrative expenses (analysed below)	(256,012)	(268,807)
Finance charges (analysed below)	(56,844)	(57,497)
Depreciation costs (analysed below)	(131,202)	(132,773)
	(2,516,868)	(2,400,866)
Other operating income (analysed below)	9,041	9,793
Operating profit/(loss)	163,664	(113,584)
Other interest receivable and similar income (analysed below)	12,670	5,535
Interest payable and similar charges (analysed below)	(8)	(135)
경화되는 경기를 가는 것이 되었다. 그런 사람들이 되었다.	12,662	5,400
Profit/(loss) before tax	176,326	(108,184)

Detailed Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

	2023 £	2022 £
Turnover		
Sale of goods, UK	8,122,163	7,199,856
Cost of sales		
Opening finished goods	(356,686)	(404,677)
Purchases	(5,408,875)	(4,829,090)
Closing finished goods	363,970	356,686
	(5,401,591)	(4,877,081)
Distribution costs		
Packaging and labelling	(49,081)	(45,286)
Employment costs		
Wages and salaries	(161,692)	(82,795)
Directors remuneration	(1,492,184)	(1,442,082)
NIC (Employers)	(138,158)	(127,005)
Directors & Employees pensions (Defined contribution)	(110,115)	(109,321)
	(1,902,149)	(1,761,203)
Establishment costs		
Land costs	(438)	(2,466)
Light, heat, rates and water	(53,801)	(43,490)
Insurance	(21,117)	(22,783)
Repairs and maintenance	(67,282)	(85,479)
Waste management	(28,023)	(26,368)
	(170,661)	(180,586)
General administrative expenses		
Telephone and internet	(14,846)	(10,683)
Shop supplies, canteen and workwear	(10,226)	(11,589)
Office and computer supplies	(15,941)	(19,220)
Subscriptions and certification	(23,954)	(23,080)
Charitable donations	(83,978)	(96,518)
Sundry expenses	(1,369)	(786)
Cleaning and pest control	(19,005)	(18,266)
Staff training	(17,808)	(26,161)
Education and marketing	(22,716)	(17,556)
External storage	(1,258)	
Member's events	(4,997)	(1,286)
Accountancy fees	(4,068)	(4,000)
Legal and professional fees	(34,846)	(39,662)
Bad debts written off	(1,000)	1 - 6 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -

Detailed Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

	2023 £	2022 £
그들이 말아가 얼마를 하는데 뭐 하는데 하나요.	(256,012)	(268,807)
Finance charges		
Bank charges	(56,844)	(57,497)
Depreciation costs		
Depreciation of freehold property (owned)	(55,846)	(55,539)
Depreciation of plant and machinery (owned)	(59,475)	(60,225)
Depreciation of fixtures and fittings (owned)	(13,678)	(11,945)
Depreciation of office equipment (owned)	(2,203)	(5,064)
	(131,202)	(132,773)
Other operating income		
Operating lease rental income (non-contingent)	-	200
Other operating income	9,041	9,593
	9,041	9,793
Other interest receivable and similar income		
Bank interest receivable	11,006	750
Other interest receivable	1,664	4,785
그렇는 그렇게 하면 하다 하는 것 같아 하나요?	12,670	5,535
Interest payable and similar expenses		
Bank loan interest payable	(8)	(135)